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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/763,836	01/22/2004	Michael Gauselmann	ATR-A-128	7698

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PATENT LAW GROUP LLP
2635 NORTH FIRST STREET
SUITE 223
SAN JOSE, CA 95134

EXAMINER

CHEUNG, VICTOR

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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3714

MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
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01/09/2008

PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/763,836

Applicant(s)

GAUSELMANN, MICHAEL

Examiner

Victor Cheung

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 November 2007.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-6,9-17,19-21 and 23-31 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-6,9-17,19-21 and 23-31 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
- ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 - ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 - ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

1. Arguments and amendments have been filed on 11/13/2007.

Claims 1-6, 9-17, 19-21, and 23-31 are pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. Claims 1-6, 9-12, 14, 16-17, 19-21, 23-25, 27, and 29-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Visocnik (US Patent Application Publication No. 2004/0048646) in view of Barrie (US Patent No. 5,980,384) and Rodgers (US Patent No. 7,080,590).

Note that claim 20, below, includes a gaming device comprising a display area for displaying the game, the game displaying an array of symbols, certain combinations of symbols across at least one pay line determining an award to a player, and at least one processor for carrying out the method of claim 1. Similarly, claims 21, 23-24, and 25-30 are related to claims 2, 9-10, and 12-17, respectively.

Re Claims 1 and 20: Visocnik discloses a gaming method wherein an array of symbols is displayed and an award is granted based on the displayed array of symbols (Page 1, Paragraph 12), the method comprising displaying in a first game an array of randomly selected symbols by a gaming machine, the array including at least one special symbol in a first position in the array (Fig. 2; Page 5,

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Paragraphs 81-84), shifting a position of the at least one special symbol in the array from the first position to a second position prior to an array of symbols in the second game being displayed to the player (Page 6, Paragraph 92), subsequent to shifting the position of the at least one special symbol, displaying in the second game an array of randomly selected symbols by the gaming machine, the array including the at least one special symbol in the second position in the array, and granting any award to the player for the second game based upon the symbols displayed in the second game including the at least one special symbol (Page 7, Paragraph 95).

However, Visocnik does not specifically teach displaying the first game on a first screen by a gaming machine, displaying the second game on a second screen by the gaming machine, or shifting the position of the at least one special symbol from the first screen to the second screen.

Barrie discloses a first game with a first array of randomly selected symbols, a second game with a second array of randomly selected symbols, wherein symbols from the first game are moved to the second game to be displayed as secondary game symbols (Col. 14-15, Claims 1-2).

Visocnik discloses that it is well known in the art to display a first game on a first screen and a second game on a second screen (Page 1, Paragraphs 3-4).

Rodgers et al. teach a gaming machine comprising a plurality of displays for displaying a plurality of games on a single gaming machine (Fig. 1B; Col. 10, Lines 23-30).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to display the first game on a first screen and the second game on the second screen, thereby providing a dedicated screen for the player to concentrate on for each of the first and second games. It would have been obvious to have the special symbol move from the first game on the first screen to the second game on the second screen, thereby integrating the two games of the gaming machine.

Claim 20: Visocnik discloses a display area for displaying a game, the game displaying an array of symbols, certain combinations of symbols across at least one pay line determining an award to a player, and at least one processor for carrying out the method of claim 1 (Page 1, Paragraph 12).

Re Claims 2, 3, and 21: Visocnik discloses the step of shifting wherein the step comprises shifting a position of the at least one special symbol in the first array from the first position to the second position randomly or in a predetermined manner (Page 7, Paragraph 97).

Re Claims 4 and 5: Visocnik discloses displaying in the first game an array of randomly selected symbols by a gaming machine appearing on a plurality of virtual reel strips (Fig. 1). The at least one special symbol can be in a fixed position or in a not-fixed position relative to other symbols on the reel strip (Page 2, Paragraph 13).

Re Claim 6: Visocnik discloses selecting the at least one special symbol to appear in the first array based on a non-random event (Page 5, Paragraph 81).

Re Claim 9 and 23: Visocnik discloses the at least one special symbol comprising a plurality of special symbols (Page 3, Paragraph 21).

Re Claims 10 and 24: Visocnik discloses the limitations of claims 1 and 20, above.

However, Visocnik does not specifically teach terminating the use of the at least one special symbol after the at least one special symbol is used in a winning combination of symbols.

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Rodgers et al. teach that a wild symbol on a reel is kept in play until a winning symbol combination is indicated on the reels (Col. 5, Lines 36-39).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to terminate the use of the at least one special symbol after the at least one special symbol is used in a winning combination of symbols, thereby keeping the player interested in the game with at least one guaranteed winning combination of reels.

Re Claim 11: Visocnik discloses terminating the use of the at least one special symbol after a predetermined number of games (Page 7, Paragraph 97).

Re Claims 12 and 25: Visocnik discloses the at least one special symbol having a wild card function (Page 2, Paragraph 19).

Re Claims 14 and 27: Visocnik discloses the at least one special symbol having a multiplier function (Page 2, Paragraph 19).

Re Claims 16 and 29: Visocnik discloses a 5x3 array (Fig. 1).

Re Claims 17 and 30: Visocnik discloses granting an award based on combinations of symbols across one or more pay lines (Page 1, Paragraph 12).

Re Claim 19: Visocnik discloses subsequent games generating new special symbols that are shifted in position along with the at least one special symbol in one or more additional games (Page 8, Paragraph 102).

Re Claim 31: Visocnik discloses that the at least one special symbol is selected at random to be included in the first array (Page 5, Paragraph 81).

4. Claims 13 and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Visocnik (US Patent Application Publication No. 2004/0048646), Barrie (US Patent No. 5,980,384), and Rodgers (US Patent No. 7,080,590), as applied to claims 1 and 20 above, and further in view of Marnell, II et al. (US Patent No. 5,332,219).

Visocnik discloses the limitations of claims 1 and 20, above.

However, Visocnik does not specifically teach the at least one special symbol being a high value symbol.

Marnell, II et al. teach that special symbols in reel type games are worth more than other symbols on the reel (Col. 1, Lines 32-38).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the at least one special symbol be a high value symbol, providing the player an increased payout for receiving the special symbol.

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5. Claims 15 and 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Visocnik (US Patent Application Publication No. 2004/0048646), Barrie (US Patent No. 5,980,384), and Rodgers (US Patent No. 7,080,590), as applied to claims 1 and 20 above, and further in view of Rodgers et al. (US Patent No. 7,090,580).

Visocnik discloses the limitations of claims 1 and 20, above. Visocnik also discloses that bonus games are triggered by special symbols (Fig. 1).

However, Visocnik does not specifically teach the at least one special symbol triggering a bonus game.

Yoseloff et al. teach that special symbols in a reel-type game can trigger bonus games (Col. 3, Line 66-Col. 4, Line 2).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the at least one special symbol trigger a bonus game, thereby increasing the players enjoyment in the game with additional bonus events.

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1 and 7 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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Conclusion


7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Victor Cheung whose telephone number is (571) 270-1349. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri, 9-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert Pezzuto can be reached on (571) 272-6996. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

VC

Victor Cheung
January 6, 2008


ROBERT E. PEZZUTO
SUPERVISORY PRIMARY EXAMINER